## Operation Guide 3512



About This Manual


- Button operations are indicated using the letters shown in the illustration. - Each section of this manual provides you with the information you need to perform operations in each mode. Further details and technical information can be found in
operations in each mode.

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| :---: | :---: |
| -Stopwatch <br> - Timer <br> - Alarm <br> Dual Time | You can also find information about operational procedures at the CASIO website. |
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|  |  |
|  | https://support.casio.cor |

## Selecting a Mode


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Timekeeping



To set the time and date

1. In the Timekeeping Mode, hold down (A) until the second starts to flash, which indicates the setting screen.
2. Press (C) to move the flashing in the sequence shown below to select other settings.

3. When the setting you want to change is flashing, use (B) and (D) to change it as described below.

| Screen | To do this: | Do this: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 \pi$ | Reset the second to 00 | Press (D). |
| 787 | Toggle between Daylight Saving Time (On) and Standard Time (OF) |  |
| ${ }^{\circ} 17.58$ | Change the hour or minute | Use (B) (-) and (D) (+). |
| วกวอ | Change the year |  |
| 6-72 | Change the month or day |  |

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4. Press (A) to exit the setting screen.

- The day of the week is displayed automatically in accordance with the date (year, month, and day) settings
- See "Daylight Saving Time (DST) Setting" below for details about the DST setting.

To toggle between 12-hour and 24-hour timekeeping
In the Timekeeping Mode, press (D) to toggle between 12-hour timekeeping and 24-hour timekeeping.

- With the 12-hour format, the $\mathbf{P}(\mathrm{PM})$ indicator appears to the left of the hour digits for times in the range of noon to 11:59 p.m. and the $\mathbf{A}(A M)$ indicator appears to the left of the hour digits for times in the range of midnight to 11:59 a.m.
- With the 24-hour format, times are displayed in the range of 0:00 to 23:59, without any indicator.
- The 12 -hour/24-hour timekeeping format you select in the Timekeeping Mode is applied in all other modes.
- The $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{P}$ indicators are not displayed with the Timekeeping Mode time on the Timer Mode and Dual Time Mode screens.
Timer Mode and Dual Time Mode screens.


## Daylight Saving Time (DST) Setting

Daylight Saving Time (summer time) advances the time setting by one hour from Standard Time. Remember that not all countries or even local areas use Daylight Saving Time.

## To toggle the Timekeeping Mode between DST and Standard Time

 I. In the Timekeeping Mode, hold down (A) until the second starts to flash, which indicates the setting screen.
2. Press (©) once and the DST setting screen appears.
3. Press (D) to toggle between Daylight Saving Time (On displayed) and Standard Time (OF displayed).
4. Press (A) to exit the setting screen.

- The DST indicator appears on the Timekeeping and Alarm Mode screens to indicate that Daylight Saving Time is turned on.


## Stopwatch



The stopwatch lets you measure elapsed time, lap times, split times, and two finishes. Lap times and split times can be stored in memory.

- The display range of the stopwatch is 99 hours, 59 minutes, 59 seconds.
- All of the operations in this section are performed in the Stopwatch Mode, which you enter by pressing (C) (page EN-8).


## Note

- "Lap time" is the time spent to cover a specific segment of a race, such as one lap around a track. "Split time" is the time spent from the beginning of a race up to a certain point.
- The stopwatch continues to run, restarting from zero after it reaches its limit, until you stop it.
- The stopwatch measurement operation continues even if you exit the Stopwatch Mode.
For information about how stopwatch times are stored in memory, see "Memory Management" (page EN-26).

Viewing the Stopwatch Displays
The information that appears in the watch's upper and lower displays depends on whether you are measuring lap times or split times.
Lap Time Measurement
Upper Display: Lap time
Lower Display: Elapsed time
Split Time Measurement
Upper Display: Lap time
Lower Display: Elapsed time (Split time appears here for eight seconds as it is stored in memory.)

- See "To measure elapsed time with lap times" (page EN-20) and "To measure elapsed time with split times" (page EN-23) for more information about each type of measurement.
- You can perform elapsed time measurement starting from either the lap time screen or the split time screen (pages EN-20 and EN-23). Whenever you enter the Stopwatch Mode, the screen (lap time or split time) that was displayed when you last exited the mode will appear first.
- During a stopwatch elapsed time operation, the upper display initially shows minutes, seconds, and a $1 / 100$-second value. This changes to hours, minutes, and seconds when the time in the upper display exceeds 60 minutes.
- The lower display initially shows hours, minutes, seconds, and a 1/100-second value. This changes to hours, minutes, and seconds when the time in the lower display exceeds 10 hours.



## To measure elapsed time

Note

- You can perform the following steps starting from either the lap time screen or the split time screen.

1. Press (D) to start the stopwatch.
2. Press (D) again to stop the stopwatch.

- You can resume the measurement operation by pressing (D)

3. Press (A) to clear the stopwatch to all zeros.

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To measure elapsed time with lap times


When the stopwatch display shows all zeros, press (A) to display the lap time screen (indicated by LAP).
2. Press (D) to start an elapsed time measurement. - At the time, both the upper and lower displays will show identical times.
3. Press (A) to record the time of the first lap.


- This freezes the current lap time in the upper part of the display for about eight seconds, while measurement of total elapsed time and the next lap time continue internally. The lap number of the displayed time appears in the lower display
After eight seconds, the ongoing elapsed time measurement re-appears in the lower display.

4. Repeat step 3 to record more lap times.
5. Press (D) to stop the stopwatch
6. Press (A) to clear the stopwatch to all zeros.

- Lap numbers are incremented automatically starting from $\mathbf{1}$ whenever you press (A) in step 3 of the above procedure. The maximum lap number is 99 . Recording a lap after that causes the lap number count to restart from $\mathbf{0 0}$.

To measure elapsed time with split times

Lap time


Elapsed time

1. When the stopwatch display shows all zeros, press (A) to display the split time screen (indicated by SPL).
2. Press (D) to start an elapsed time measurement. - At the time, both the upper and lower displays will show identical times.
3. Press (A) to record the time of the first split. -The current split time appears in the lower display for about eight seconds, as the total elapsed time, next lap time, and next split time continue to be timed internally by the watch. The split number of the displayed time appears in the upper display.

- After eight seconds, the ongoing lap time
measurement appears in the upper display and the ongoing elapsed time measurement appears in the lower display.
 (Displayed for eight s after (A) is pressed.)


Split time
4. Repeat step 3 to record more split times.
5. Press (D) to stop the stopwatch.
6. Press (A) to clear the stopwatch to all zeros. - Split numbers are incremented automatically starting from 1 whenever you press (A) in step 3 of the 9bove procedure. The maximum split number is
99. Recording a split time after that causes the split number count to restart from $\mathbf{0 0}$.

To time first and second place finishes
aros, press (A) to display the split time screen (indicated by SPL)
2. Press (D) to start a time measurement.
3. Press (A) when the first finisher crosses the finish line.

- This freezes the time of the first finisher in the lower part of the display for about eight seconds. After that, the display returns to elapsed time measurement.

4. Press (D) when the second finisher crosses the finish line.
-The second finisher's time will appear in the lower dispiay.

- The difference between the first finisher's and the second finisher's time will appear in the upper display.

5. Press (A) to clear the stopwatch to all zeros.

Memory Management
A new log is created each time you press (D) in the Stopwatch Mode to start a new elapsed time measurement operation. A log contains a log title screen, and records of all the lap or split times you record during the current elapsed time measurement operation.
The capacity of the watch's memory is 60 records
If you are adding records to a log when there are multiple logs in memory and watch memory becomes full, adding another record causes the oldest log in mecords. records.

How stopwatch data is stored
The following table shows how stopwatch data is stored when you perform The following table shows how

| Stopwatch Button Operation | Data Storage Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| From all-zeros, press (D) to start. | Creates a new log. Stores the date the button was <br> pressed, and the new log number. |
| Press (A) to display lap/split time. | Creates a new record with each button operation. <br> Stores the lap and split times and total elapsed time <br> at each point the button is pressed. |
| Press (D) to stop elapsed time <br> measurement and then press (A) <br> to reset. | Resets the elapsed time to all zeros without recording <br> data. |

- See "Recall Mode" (page EN-28) for details on how to recall time records from memory


## Recall Mode

Log Title Screen
Use the Recall Mode to recall and delete logs and records you stored in the Stopwatch Mode. You can use the Recal you stored in the Stopwatch Mode. You can

-When you enter the Recall Mode, the newest log recorded in the Stopwatch Mode will appear first. If there are no logs in memory, --- appears on the display. - You can use the Recall Mode to check memory data even while a stopwatch elapsed time measurement operation is in progress. However, the time data that is currently being measured will not appear in the Recall Mode.

- You can convert a lap time saved in the Stopwatch Mode to a split time (page EN-29).


## To recall stopwatch time records

1. In the Stopwatch Mode, check to make sure that the displays reset to all zeros (page EN-19).

- If all zeros are not displayed, reset the stopwatch.

2. Use the (A) button to select either the lap time screen (to view lap time records) or the split time screen (to view split time records) (pages EN-20 and EN-23). - To convert a lap time saved in the Stopwatch Mode to a split time, select the split time screen.
3. Press the (C) button to enter the Recall Mode.
4. Use the (A) button to scroll through the log title screens from the newest to the oldest until the title screen of the log whose records you want to view is displayed
5. Press (D) to scroll through the records contained in the log you selected in step 4, from the oldest to the newest.

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-Whether you will be able to view lap time records or split time records will depend on the screen you selected in step 2, above.

## To delete a log

1. In the Recall Mode, display the title screen of the log you want to delete.
2. Hold down (B) and (D) until CLR stops flashing on the display.

- This deletes the log and all the records inside it
- Deleting a single log slides all newer logs (ones with higher log numbers) upwards to fill the empty space. This cause the log numbers of all the newer ogs to be reduced by 1. If there are six logs currently in memory (numbered 01
 numbered 04, 05, and 06 will change to 03, 04, and 05 .

Timer
Timekeeping Mode time You can set the countdown timer within a range of one


To use the countdown timer
Press (D) while in the Timer Mode to start the countdown timer

- When the end of the countdown is reached and auto-repeat is turned off, the alarm sounds for 10 seconds or until you stop it by pressing any button. The countdown sounds for 10 seconds or until you stop it by pressing any button. The countdown
- When auto-repeat is turned on, the countdown will restart automatically without pausing when it reaches zero. The alarm sounds when the countdown reaches zero.
- The countdown timer measurement operation continues even if you exit the Timer Mode.
- Press (D) while a countdown operation is in progress to pause it. Press (D) again to resume the countdown
- To stop a countdown operation completely, first pause it (by pressing (D)), and then press (A). This returns the countdown time to its starting value.

To configure countdown start time and auto-repeat settings
On/Off status 1. While the countdown start time is on the display in the
 Timer Mode hold down (A) until the hour setting of the countdown start time setting screen. - If the countdown start tise is countdown timer" (page procedure under To use the countaown timer" (page (N-3) to display.
2. Press (C) to move the flashing in the sequence shown below, and select the setting you want to change.

3. Perform the following operations, depending on which setting currently is selected on the display.
-While the start time setting is flashing, use (B) $(-)$ and (D) $(+)$ to change it,

- Set 0:00 to specify 24 hours.

While the auto-repeat on/off setting ( $\mathbf{O n}$ or $\mathbf{O F}$ ) is flashing on the display, press (D) to toggle auto-repeat on (On) and off (OF).
4. Press (A) to exit the setting screen.

- The auto-repeat on indicator $(\boldsymbol{G})$ is displayed on the Timer Mode screen while
this function is turned on.
- Frequent use of auto-repeat and the alarm can run down battery power.

Alarm

Alarm date (Month - Day)
You can set up to three independent multi-function alarms with hour, minutes, month, and day. When an alarm is turned on, the alarm tone sounds when the alarm time reached. One of the alarms has a snooze feature. You also can turn on an Hourly Time Signal that causes the watch to beep twice every hour on the hour. - There are three alarm screens numbered 1 through 3. The hourly time signal screen is indicated by :00. All of the operations in this section are performed in EN-9). Alarm Mode, which you enter by pressing (C) (page EN-9)

## Alarm Types

The alarm type is determined by the settings you make, as described below.

- Daily alarm

Set the hour and minutes for the alarm time. This type of setting causes the alarm to sound everyday at the time you set.

## - Date alarm

Set the month, day, hour and minutes for the alarm time. This type of setting causes the alarm to sound at the specific time, on the specific date you set.

- 1-Month alarm
Set the month, hour and minutes for the alarm time. This type of setting causes the alarm to sound everyday at time you set, only during the month you set.
- Monthly alarm
Set the day, hour and minutes for the alarm time. This type of setting causes the alarm to sound every month at the time you set, on the day you set.


## To set an alarm time



- Alarm 1 has a snooze feature
- The snooze alarm operation repeats every five minutes.

2. After you select an alarm, hold down (A) until the hour setting of the alarm time starts to flash. This indicates the setting screen.

- This operation turns on the alarm automatically.

3. Press (C) to move the flashing in the sequence shown below to select other settings.

4. While a setting is flashing, use (B) $(-)$ and (D) $(+)$ to change it.

- To set an alarm that does not include a month (daily alarm, monthly alarm), set - for the month. Use (B) and (D) until the - mark appears (between 12 and $\mathbf{1}$ ) while month setting is flashing.
To set an alarm that does not include a day (daily alarm, 1-month alarm), set - for the day. Use (B) and (D) until the - - mark appears (between the end of the month and 1) while the day setting is flashing.
- When setting the alarm time using the 12 -hour format, take care to set the time correctly as a.m. (A indicator) or p.m. (P indicator).

5. Press (A) to exit the setting screen.

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## Alarm Operation

The alarm sounds at the preset time for about 10 seconds. When the snooze feature (Alarm 1) is turned on, the alarm operation is performed a total of seven times, every five minutes, until you turn the alarm off or turn off the snooze feature (page EN-41).

- Alarm and Hourly Time Signal operations are performed in accordance with the

Timekeeping Mode time

## Note

- Pressing any button stops the alarm tone operation
-Performing any one of the operations below during a 5-minute interval between
inoze alarms cancels the current snooze alarm operation
Displaying the Alarm 1 setting screen (page EN-38)
To test the alarm
in the Alarm Mode, hold down (D) to sound the alarm.

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To select the operation of Alarm 1

1. In the Alarm Mode, use (D) to select Alarm 1
2. Press (A) to cycle through the available settings in the sequence shown below.


- The applicable alarm on indicator is displayed in all modes when an alarm is turned on
The snooze indicator flashes while the snooze alarm is sounding and during the -minute intervals between alarms.

Displaying the Alarm 1 setting screen (page EN-38) while the snooze alarm is turned on turns off the snooze alarm automatically.

To turn Alarms 2 and 3 on and off
Alarm on indicator 1. In the Alarm Mode, use (D) to select alarm number 2

2. Press (A) to toggle the displayed alarm on and off. Turning on an alarm (2 or 3) displays the alarm on indicator on its screen

- The alarm on indicator is displayed in all modes

If any alarm is on, the alarm on indicator is shown on the display in all modes.

To turn the hourly time signal on and off
Hourly time signal Hourly time
on indicator


In the Alarm Mode, use (D) to select the Hourly Time
2. Press (A) to toggle the displayed item on and off. - Turning on the Hourly Time Signal displays the hourly time signal on indicator on its screen.

- The hourly time signal on indicator is displayed in all
modes. modes.


## Dual Time



The Dual Time Mode lets you keep track of time in a different time zone. You can select Standard Time or Daylight Saving Time for the Dual Time

- The seconds count of the Dual Time is synchronized with the seconds count of the Timekeeping Mode.


## To set the Dual Time

1. Press (C) to enter the Dual Time Mode (page EN-9).
2. In the Dual Time Mode, hold down (A) until the DST setting starts to flash, which indicates the setting screen.
3. Press (C) to move the flashing in the sequence shown below to select the other settings.

4. When the setting you want to change is flashing, use (B) and (D) to change it as described below.

| Screen | To do this: | Do this: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll} 47 \\ \text { Dst } \end{array}$ | Toggle between Daylight Saving Time (On) and Standard Time ( $\mathbf{O F}$ ) | Press (D). |
| ${ }^{\wedge} 8: 58$ | Change the hour or minute | Use (B) ( - ) and (D) ( + ). |

5. Press (A) to exit the setting screen

- The DST indicator on the Dual Time Mode screen indicates that DST is turned on for the Dual Time Mode time.


## Illumination



An LED (light-emitting diode) illuminates the face of the watch for easy reading in the dark.

- See "Illumination Precautions" (page EN-51) for other important information about using illumination.


## To illuminate the display

In any mode, press (B) to turn on illumination.

- You can use the procedure below to select either
1.5 seconds or 3 seconds as the illumination duration. When you press (B), illumination will remain on for abou 1.5 seconds or 3 seconds, depending on the current illumination duration setting.



## Reference

This section contains more detailed and technical information about watch operation. It also contains important precautions and notes about the various features and functions of this watch

## Auto Return Feature

- If you leave a screen with flashing digits on the display for two or three minutes without performing any operation, the watch saves any settings you have made up to that point and exits the setting screen automatically.
The watch will change to the Timekeeping Mode automatically if you do not perform any operation in the Recall Mode or Alarm Mode for two or three minutes.

Button Operation Tone


The button operation tone sounds any time you press one of the watch's buttons. You can turn the button operation tone on or off as desired.

- The multi-function alarms and Timer Mode alarm will sound even if the button operation tone is turned off.

To turn the button operation tone on and off
In any mode (except when a setting screen is on the
display), hold down (C) to toggle the button operation ton on (mute indicator not displayed) and off (mute indicator displayed).
Holding down (C) to turn the button operation tone on or
off also causes the watch's current mode to change. The mute indicator is displayed in all modes when the button operation tone is turned off.

## Scrolling

The (B) and (D) buttons are used in various modes and setting screens to scrol
through data on the display. In most cases, holding down these buttons during a scroll operation scrolls through the data at high speed.

## Timekeeping

- Resetting the seconds to $\mathbf{0 0}$ while the current count is in the range of $\mathbf{3 0}$ to 59 causes the minutes to be increased by 1. In the range of 00 to 29 , the seconds are reset to $\mathbf{0 0}$ without changing the minutes.
- The year can be set in the range of 2000 to 2099
- The watch's built-in full automatic calendar makes allowances for different month engths and leap years. Once you set the date, there should be no reason to change it except after you have the watch's batteries replaced.


## Illumination Precautions

- Illumination may be difficult to see when viewed under direct sunlight
- Illumination turns off automatically whenever an alarm sounds.
- Frequent use of illumination runs down the battery.


## Specifications

Accuracy at normal temperature: $\pm 30$ seconds a month
Timekeeping: Hour, minute, second, a.m. (A)/ p.m. (P), month, day, day of the week Time format: 12-hour and 24-hour
Calendar system: Full Auto-calendar pre-programmed from the year 2000 to 2099 Other: Daylight Saving Time (summer time)/Standard Time
Stopwatch:
Measurement Capacity: 99 hours, 59 minutes, 59 seconds
Measurement Units: Depends on range
Lap Times: 1/100 second from 00:00 00 to 00:59 59.99; 1 second from 1:00 00 to 99:59 59
Split Times: 1/100 second from 00:00 00 to 09:59 59.99; 1 second from
10:00 00 to 99:59 59
Measurement Types: Elapsed time, lap times, split times, two finishes
Memory Capacity: 60 records (used for lap times and split times)
Other: Lap/split numbers

Timer:
Measuring unit: one second
Input range: one minute to 24 hours (1-minute increments and 1-hour increments)
Other: Auto-repeat timing
Alarm: 3 Multi-function* alarms (1 with snooze feature); Hourly Time Signal * Alarm type: Daily alarm, Date alarm, 1-month alarm, Monthly alarm

Dual Time: Hour, minute, second, a.m. (A)/p.m. (P)
Oual Ther: Daylight Saving Time (summer time)/Standard Time
Illumination: LED (light-emitting diode); Selectable illumination duration (approximately 1.5 seconds or 3 seconds)
Other: Button operation tone on/off
Battery:
One lithium battery (Type: CR1620)
Approximately 5 years on type CR1620 ( 10 seconds of alarm operation per day, one illumination operation ( 1.5 seconds) per day)

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

